

Proposed MCP Regulation Changes

Waste Site Cleanup Advisory Committee
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Two Public Hearing Drafts

- MCP “Wave 2”
- Asbestos in Soil (includes amendments to MCP, Solid Waste Management and Air Quality regulations)
 - MCP revisions related to Asbestos in Soil appear in both regulatory packages



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Today's Presentations re: Public Hearing Drafts

⇒ Liz Callahan

- MCP amendments (schedule and proposals, except Numeric Stds/RCs and Asbestos in Soil)

- Paul Locke

- MCP Numeric Stds/RCs

- Sarah Weinstein and Paul Locke

- Asbestos in Soil



Schedule

- Joint public hearings and same schedule for both public hearing drafts
- Public comment period runs from October 8 through December 10, 2004
 - See *Public Hearing Notice* handout
- 4 Hearings in November
- Final regulations in Spring '05



Public Hearing Drafts may be found...

- <http://www.Mass.Gov/dep/bwsc/news.htm>
- Boston and regional service centers



MCP Amendments

- Proposals developed to address 1998-99 Draft & Final GEIR recommendations
- Extensive stakeholder input on proposals
- “Pre Public Hearing Draft” published 12/01
- 2004 public hearing draft contains new and modified proposals



Organization of MCP Public Hearing Draft

- Preamble
- Front End
- Public Involvement
- Subparts I & J and Miscellaneous
- Numerical Standards

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Front End

Special Projects Permit

- Enhance usefulness of Special Projects permit as redevelopment tool for complex projects/projects with multiple contaminated parcels
- Expand applicants to include “Eligible Persons” (c. 21E) with municipal support
- Expand applicability to deadlines both prior to and after Tier Classification
- Presumptive permit

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Front End

RAMS/Construction

- Incorporates Construction Policy approach(2000)
- For areas of contamination adjacent to/in footprint of permanent structure under construction
- Allows “focused” assessment, risk characterization and feasibility evaluation of these areas during building construction
- Requires elimination/control of OHM sources and reduction of concentrations below UCLs, to the extent feasible

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Front End

Notification Exemptions

- New exemption for arsenic in Worcester County soils and arsenic and beryllium in Boston Blue Clay that is naturally-occurring, ubiquitous and consistently present
- Revise existing notification exemption for OHM already reported/known to DEP; change from “property” to “disposal site”

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Front End

Remedy Operation Status (ROS)

- Expanded to include remedies that employ active monitoring program (e.g., monitored natural attenuation, reactive barriers) can qualify for ROS
- ROS applies to remedies that meet the definition of Active Operation and Maintenance
- Active Operation and Maintenance definition revised to include Active Remedial Systems and Active Monitoring Programs

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Front End

Remedy Operation Status

- ROS modification provisions – allow new party to be added to those responsible for ROS
- Provisions for retaining ROS during system shutdown period for purpose of monitoring whether rebound occurs

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Front End

Remedial System Monitoring Report (RSMR)

- Improve DEP's ability to track Active Operation and Maintenance of all operating remedies by:
 - Standardizing submissions of system operational and monitoring data
 - Requiring reporting at specific frequencies

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Front End

RSMR (cont.)

- Proposed frequencies
 - Monthly for systems addressing IH or SRM
 - Every 3 months for all other Active Remedial Systems or Active Remedial Monitoring Programs with Remedial Additives
 - Annually for Active Remedial Monitoring Programs that don't involve Remedial Additives
- Require electronic submittal
 - See *draft RSMR transmittal form*

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Class C RAO Temporary Solution

- 21E and MCP provide for Temporary Solutions if
 - No feasible Permanent Solution exists or
 - Feasible Permanent Solution exists but implementation of Temporary Solution is more cost effective and timely
- MCP requires the achievement of some type of RAO within 5 years of Tier Classification
 - Class A or B = Permanent Solution/NSR
 - Class C = Temporary Solution/NSH



Class C RAO Temporary Solution

- Revisions create two subcategories of Class C RAOs
 - C-1 No Permanent Solution Feasible
 - 5 year Periodic Evaluation
 - C-2 Permanent Solution Feasible
 - response actions continue under valid permit or Tier II Classification



Post RAO Actions Non-AUL Sites

- No additional requirements for work in areas that have achieved No Significant Risk for unrestricted uses (all A-1, A-2, and B-1 RAOs)
- Comply with soil management provisions
- New notification conditions require notification



Post RAO Actions AUL Sites

- For work consistent with AUL
 - De-minimus soil excavation, retain records
 - Greater than de-minimus soil or other media
 - » submit RAM Plan
 - » implement (no approvals)
 - » submit Completion Statement
- When Activity/Use Not Allowed by AUL
 - » submit RAM plan
 - » implement (no approvals)
 - » submit Completion Statement
 - » revise AUL and modify RAO



Numerical Ranking System

- Updates tables which list scores for common chemicals used to determine the “OHM Toxicity Score” and the “Environmental Toxicity Score”



Enhance Info to Local Officials

- Local officials receive
 - Copy of RNF with a site locus map or assessor's map/parcel numbers
 - Phase I site map in Tier Classification notice
 - Phase report summaries, rather than notice of availability
- public water supply owners notified of sites with groundwater contamination within PWS resource areas prior to submitting Tier I Permit application



Notice to Local Officials/RAMs

- June 2003 eliminated 21-day presumptive approval for RAMS, but left the requirement that local officials be notified 7 days prior to implementation of RAM
- Propose to require local official be notified “within 7 days prior”



Informing Property Owners

- Inform owners of right to obtain data if property sampled
- Inform owners and occupants of property of IRA remedial action to address IH or CEP being conducted at their property and of public involvement opportunities



Informing Property Owners, cont.

- Notify property owners if their property is within disposal site boundaries
- Notify Owners of property(ies) abutting the disposal site
- Both proposals contain provisions
 - to renotify property owners if later assessment shows property is not within/abutting disposal site
 - Use public notice if number of owners/abutters > 50



Better Notice/More Tailored PI

- Ad in the local news section of the local newspaper replaces legal notices
- Eliminate Environmental Monitor notices currently required for Tier I sites
- Establish process for reducing, expanding or termination PI activities at a Public Involvement Plan site



Engineered Barrier

- Clarify financial assurance requirements (310 CMR 30.906)
- Make condition for Engineered Barrier use consistent throughout the MCP, “lack of a feasible alternative”
- Seek comment on:
 - prohibiting E.B.s at 1-4 unit residences with highly toxic hazardous materials or any site with chemicals with “lethal effects”
 - requiring P.E. sign off on plans



Grant of Environmental Restriction – Private Well Closure

- Eliminate Grant of Environmental Restriction requirement for properly abandoned drinking water supply wells
- Seek comment on retaining Notice of Activity and Use Limitation where well is maintained for uses other than as drinking water supply



Data Usability Documentation

Include in Response Action Outcome -

- Indication as to whether DEP approved analytical methods were used
- Provide data usability assessment that shows data is scientifically valid, of sufficient precision and accuracy, and representativeness to support RAO



Activity and Use Limitations

- Incorporate forms 1084D and E into regulation (used to terminate AUL because additional response actions are necessary)
- Expand means of proof that a request to marginally reference the AUL on the deed



Numerical Standards

- Next presentation...

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Effective Date of Amendments

- DEP seeks comment on options
 - Delay effective date for Numeric Standards and Remedial System Monitoring Report requirements beyond effective date of other provisions
 - » New standards could be applied during this period as DEP published Method 2 standards
 - One effective date for all


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Proposed MCP Revisions Public Hearing Draft


Paul W. Locke

BWSC Advisory Committee
October 7, 2004

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Numerical Standards

- Revisions to Method 1 Groundwater and Soil Standards
- Revisions to Method 2 Direct Contact Standards
- Revisions to the Upper Concentration Limits
- Revisions to the Reportable Concentrations and Reportable Quantities
- Revisions to the Human Health & Environmental Toxicity Scores in the Numerical Ranking System

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Adding New Chemicals

- 1,4-dioxane
- Perchlorate
- NDMA
- HMX
- RDX

[Simplifying Process, Increasing Consistency]



Toxicity Information Update

- Routine update of chemical-specific toxicity information and physical constants.
- US EPA and other data sources are reviewed for updates to the information used by MA DEP to calculate the standards.

[Updating Science]



GW-1: Dermal & Inhalation Exposure

- For chemicals without published Massachusetts MCLs or ORS Guidelines, the GW-1 standard would incorporate quantitatively the inhalation & dermal contact exposures.

[Updating Science, Simplifying Process, Increasing Consistency (+/-)]

GW-2: Volatilization to Indoor Air

- The standard volatilization model may overestimate indoor air concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons and underestimate concentrations of chlorinated hydrocarbons.
- Chemical-specific modeling is proposed, rather than applying a generic dilution attenuation factor.

[Updating Science, Correction]

GW-3: Protection of Surface Water Quality

- AWQC and EPA LOAELs do not cover all chemicals and default values may not be sufficiently protective.
- Adjusted for hardness, replace default values with chemical-specific values calculated using AQUIRE values, Tier II values and other published benchmarks. Incorporate additional attenuation factor.

[Updating Science, Increasing Consistency, Correction]

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Soil: Simplifying Calculations

- 1993 standards were based on exposures calculated on a year-by-year basis normalized to body weight.
- Adopt approach averaging exposures over specific time periods during a receptor's life. Equations are simplified (at most 3 time periods, rather than 30) and exposures are easily described.

[Simplifying Process, Increasing Consistency]

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Soil: Dermal Adherence

- 1993 standards incorporated a Dermal Adherence Factor which is an estimate of how much contaminated soil is in contact with the skin, and thus available for absorption.
- Incorporate recent studies that looked specifically at soil adhering to the skin after certain activities.

[Updating Science, Increasing Consistency]

S-1: Vegetable Gardening

- Residential standards do not specifically incorporate gardening although it is often quantitatively evaluated under Method 3.
- Reviewed Plant Uptake and gardening exposure information published since 1993 and incorporated into S-1

[Updating Science, Increasing Consistency]

S-2/S-3: Subchronic Noncancer Exposures

- Under certain specific circumstances, the risk-based standards for the S-3-type (construction/excavation) exposures are more stringent than for the S-2-type (commercial) exposures.
- When the calculated S-3 standard is lower than the calculated S-2 standard, the S-2 standard is set equal to the S-3 standard.

[Increasing Consistency]

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Soil: Ceiling Levels

- In some cases, the calculated risk-based standards may be higher than the saturation point of a chemical in soil.
- The Soil Ceiling Levels will be adjusted to include a chemical's soil saturation level (C_{sat}), consistent with EPA approach.

[Updating Science, Increasing Consistency]

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Leaching to Groundwater

- 1993 leaching model contained both errors in implementation and limitations in its application.
- Conducted chemical-specific modeling of the leaching pathway using Monte Carlo distributions of many parameters, including site data from Massachusetts sites.
- [Updating Science, Correction]

Soil Standards

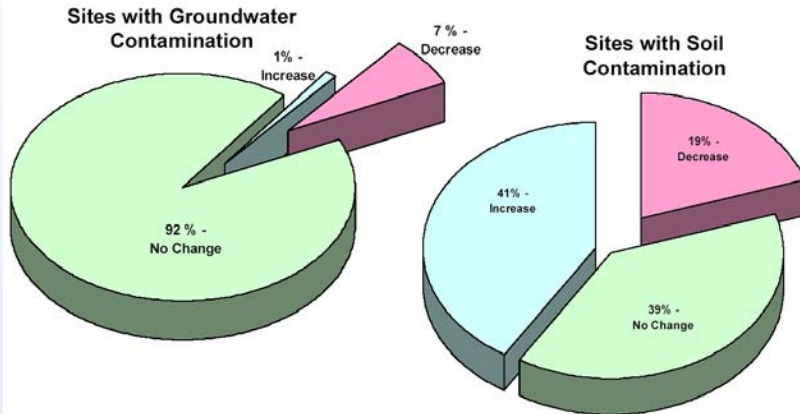
Simplifying Calculations

- Update methodology to incorporate latest studies on dermal adherence of soil
- Update soil background concentrations
- Incorporate chemical-specific soil saturation values in the Soil Ceiling Levels
- Conduct chemical-specific modeling to update the soil-to-groundwater leaching pathway

Effect of MCP Method 1 Standards Changes on Cleanup Goals for Sites

% of Sites with increasing (less stringent) and decreasing (more stringent) cleanup goals

$$\text{Impact} = f(\Delta \text{ standards, \% of sites})$$



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